Given the head of a singly linked list, write a recursive function **isAscending()** that takes the head of the linked list to check whether the elements of the list are in **strictly ascending order**. The list is considered in ascending order if for every node **i** in the list, the value of node **i** is less than the value of node **i+1**.

Return **True** if the list is in ascending order, and **False** otherwise.

### **Constraints:**

* You must solve this problem using **recursion**.
* Each node in the list contains a single integer value.
* The list is **singly linked**, meaning each node points to the next node, and there is no previous pointer.
* You can’t create/use any new data structure to solve this problem.

| **Sample Input** | **Sample Output** | **Explanation** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| head = 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 -> 5 | True | The list is: 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 -> 5. As we check each node: 1 < 2, 2 < 3, 3 < 4, 4 < 5 Since all adjacent nodes follow the condition node[i] < node[i+1], the list is strictly in ascending order. Hence, the output is **True**. |

Given the head of a singly linked list, write a recursive function **isDescending()** that takes the head of the linked list to check whether the elements of the list are in **strictly descending order**. The list is considered in descending order if for every node **i** in the list, the value of node **i** is greater than the value of node **i+1**.

Return **True** if the list is in descending order, and **False** otherwise.

### **Constraints:**

* You must solve this problem using **recursion**.
* Each node in the list contains a single integer value.
* The list is **singly linked**, meaning each node points to the next node, and there is no previous pointer.
* You can’t create/use any new data structure to solve this problem.

| **Sample Input** | **Sample Output** | **Explanation** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| head = 5 -> 4 -> 3 -> 2 -> 1 | True | The list is: 5 -> 4 -> 3 -> 2 -> 1. As we check each node: 5 > 4, 4 > 3, 3 > 2, 2 > 1 Since all adjacent nodes follow the condition node[i+1] > node[i], the list is strictly in descending order. Hence, the output is **True**. |